



DX3™

FIBERGLASS KIT

Specifications:

Length: 62"
Diameter 2.6"
Weight: 28oz
Recovery: 30"/14" Nylon Chutes
Motor Mount: 38mm or 54mm
Fins: 3 - 1/16" G10
CP: 47" from nose tip

Parts List

1. (1) Fiberglass nose cone
2. (1) Fiberglass nose cone coupler
3. (1) G10 nose cone bulk plate
4. (1) Pre-slotted body tube (32")
5. (1) Payload tube (16")
5. (2) G10 centering rings
6. (1) 38mm or 54mm MMT
7. (3) G10 fins
8. (2) Eyebolts. nut, washer set
9. (2) Kevlar shock cords
10. (2) Rail Buttons and Screws
11. (1) Fiberglass Removable A-Bay

Optional Recovery System

1. (2) 9"x9" flameproof chute protector
2. (1) 30" Nylon chute (Main)
3. (1) 14" Nylon chute (Drogue)

Required to complete: 5 minute epoxy,
120/220 sandpaper, masking tape, finishing

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Please make sure you read all directions and understand how to assemble your model before you start construction. It is also a good idea to test fit each part before assembly. Fiberglass parts still contain small amounts of mold release and other materials on the surface that will inhibit adhesives and/or paint. It is important to clean each part prior to assembly with a solution of 1 part rubbing alcohol, 3 parts water and a drop of dish washing soap. **IMPORTANT:** do not sand any parts until after you have cleaned them - you will embed the materials you are trying to clean making it difficult to clean.

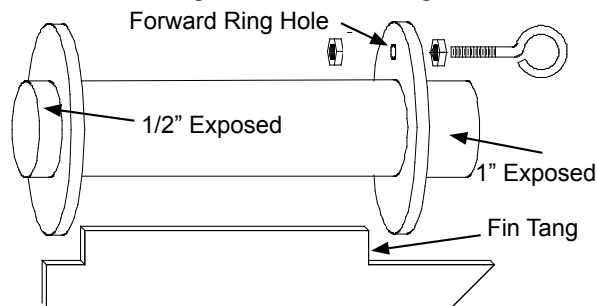
The G10 parts will have holding tabs left over from the CNC machine. These small tabs will need to be sanded off before assembly. Before assembling any part with epoxy, rough up the surface to be epoxied using coarse sandpaper. The scratches in the G10 surface will give the epoxy something to grab onto.

Step 1 – Motor Mount Assembly

Test fit the centering rings over the motor mount tube and sand if necessary. Also test fit the centering rings in the body tube and sand if necessary. Drill a 1/4" hole in the forward centering ring for an eyebolt as shown in the picture. Spread some epoxy on the outside of one end of the motor tube and slide the ring (without the hole) until there is approximately 1/2" of motor tube exposed. Make sure you clean the motor tube of any epoxy so as not to interfere with the fin tangs later. After the aft ring is dry, make a mark 1" from the other end of the motor tube. Spread some epoxy on the motor tube and slide the forward ring until it aligns with the mark. **VERY IMPORTANT: make sure there is not any epoxy on the motor tube that would interfere with the fin tangs later on. Also test fit one of the fins to make sure there is enough room for the fin tang between the centering rings.**

38mm Version: Mount the eyebolt using the two nuts as shown in the forward ring hole. Apply some epoxy to the nuts to ensure they will not come loose later. Attach one end of the shock cord to the eyebolt using an overhand knot. **IMPORTANT: Make sure the eyebolt and nut are aligned properly so the motor assembly can slide into the body tube.**

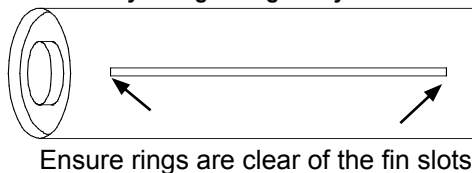
54mm Version: Use the motor's forward closure retention eyebolt for the recovery attachment point.



Step 2 – Insert Motor Tube Assembly into Body Tube

Wrap the shock chord into a small bundle and stuff it inside the motor tube for this next step. Test fit the motor tube assembly into the body tube to ensure a snug fit. Sand the centering rings if necessary. When you are satisfied with the fit, spread some epoxy on the inside of the body tube and slide the forward centering ring of the motor assembly into the body tube. **Make sure you have the motor assembly facing the right way!**

(38mm version only) Spread some more epoxy on the inside edge of the body tube before sliding the rear centering ring into the body tube. Continue sliding the assembly inside the body tube until the aft end of the motor tube is even with the aft end of the body tube. It's a good idea to test fit a fin in each slot here before the epoxy sets. Hold the body tube with the motor tube assembly down until the epoxy sets. Make sure the weight of the motor assembly doesn't cause it to slide out of alignment.



Step 3 – Fin Assembly

Using a door jam or small section of angle stock, pencil a line halfway between two of the fins that extends from the front to the back of the body tube. This line will be used later to align the rail buttons. Test fit each of the fins into the pre cut fin slots. The fin should seat firmly against the motor tube - sand each fin if necessary. When you are satisfied with the fit, apply some epoxy to the end of the fin tang that will contact the motor tube. Also, spread a thin layer of epoxy on each side of the fin tang. Slide the fin into place and check the alignment. Continue rechecking the fin alignment until you are sure the epoxy has set. Clean any excess epoxy from around the fin joint. Repeat for the remaining fins. Next, apply epoxy fillets to both sides of each fin by applying a thin bead of epoxy at the fin-body tube joint. Carefully smooth the epoxy fillets with your finger before the epoxy sets. Allow each fillet to set before rotating the airframe for the next fillet.

Step 4 – Rail Button Attachment

Drill a 5/64" hole on the rail button line for the forward and aft rail buttons. The aft hole should be 1/2" from the aft end of the aft body tube and the forward hole should be near the center of pressure (CP). Apply a small amount of epoxy in the holes and attach the rail buttons using the supplied #6 wood screws. Make sure the screw is loose enough for the rail button to spin freely - this ensures the button is not compressed to the point it will hang on the rail guide.

IMPORTANT: Make sure the forward rail button screw protruding through the body tube doesn't snag the chute. Epoxy over the screw to provide a smooth surface. The screw can also be cut shorter.

Step 5 – Altimeter Bay Assembly

Refer to the Fiberglass Removable Altimeter Bay instructions and assemble the altimeter bay.

Step 6 – Balance and Nose Cone Assembly

Epoxy the shorter coupler into the nose cone. Insert the nose cone and coupler into the forward body tube to make sure the coupler is aligned properly. **BE CAREFUL** not to glue the nose cone to the body tube. Mount the remaining eyebolt using the nut and washer in the nose cone bulkplate. Apply some epoxy to the nut so it will not come loose later. Test fit the bulkplate in the base of the nose cone and sand if necessary, but don't glue it in yet.

At this point, pack the chute and assemble the rocket. Assemble your model and insert the largest motor you intend to fly (or simulate the weight with a substitute) and ensure that the CG is at least 1 body diameter in front of the estimated CP point specified on the first page. The CP point is measured from the tip of the nose cone. If the CG is behind the desired point, add weight inside the nose cone by pouring lead shot into the nose cone tip and adding some epoxy.

When you are satisfied with the balance of the rocket, epoxy the bulkplate into the base of the nose cone leaving at least a 1/4" lip to apply a fillet. Next, apply a fillet of epoxy around the bulkplate and nose cone shoulder joint.

Step 6 – Flying Your Model

Attach the end of the shock cord from the fin can to the aft eye bolt of the altimeter bay. Also attach a second shock cord from the forward eye bolt of the altimeter bay and the nose cone eyebolt. Attach your parachutes and chute protectors to the appropriate place. When packing your chute, wrap the chute protector around the chute with the opening in the chute protector facing forward. Always make sure your chute is well protected as the hot ejection motor gasses will melt the nylon chute.

IMPORTANT: always use positive motor retention to secure the motor in the motor tube. Failure to use motor retention may allow the motor to be ejected during the ejection charge instead of the parachute, making for a dangerous ballistic reentry.

IMPORTANT: always remember to check your balance point and ensure your CG is forward of the recommended CG point.

IMPORTANT: Always follow the NAR safety code and remember that rockets are not toys and can be dangerous if not prepared and used properly. If you are a beginner, it is a good idea to fly with a club or other group of experienced rocketeers until you have gained some experience.

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IMPORTANT: Please contact us via phone or email if you have any questions about constructing or flying your model.



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